ASSESSING SPAWNING HABITAT FOR LAKE STURGEON ACIPENSER FULVESCENS BELOW TVA DAMS ON THE UPPER TENNESSEE RIVER

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HYDRO Research Foundation



Outline

- Aquatic Habitat
- Sturgeon Biology
- Lake Sturgeon in Tennessee
- Research Objectives and Methods
- Management Applications

Landscape vs Riverscape Ecology



National Land Cover Database: 30 x 30 m resolution land cover/vegetation satellite imagery

Aquatic Habitat Assessments



Human Alterations to Aquatic Habitat

Dam construction

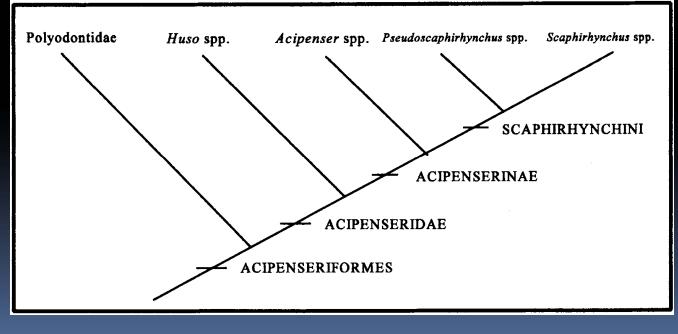
- Few rivers remain free-flowing, unregulated
- Dams serve useful purposes for humans
 - Flood control and mitigation
 - Water storage
 - Power generation
 - Recreation

Human Alteration to Aquatic Habitat

- Impacts of dams on river systems:
 - Alter downstream flux of water and sediment
 - Change water temperatures
 - Create barriers to upstream-downstream movement of organisms and nutrients

Acipenseriformes

- Sturgeons and Paddlefish
- Only found in the Northern Hemisphere
- Widely dispersed by Cretaceous >66 mya

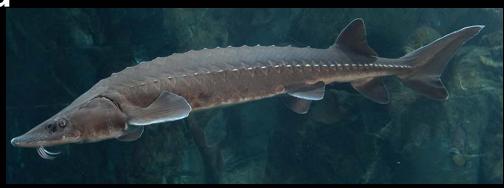


Birstein 1993; Choudhury and Dick 1998; Billard and Lecointre

Sturgeon Characteristics

- Cartilagenous skeleton
- Notochord retained through adulthood
- Heterocercal tail
- Bony scutes
- Freshwater spawners, require migration for spawning

"Living fossils"





Scott and Crossman 1973; Birstein 1993

Threats to Sturgeon

- Over-fishing
 - Late 19th C.
 - **Industrial Fishing**
 - Atlantic
 - Shortnose
 - White
 - Lake

Birstein 1993; Saffron 2004; Secor et al. 2002; Smith 1985; Rich & Tursi 2012



Threats to Sturgeon

- Habitat Degradation
 - Loss of essential habitat
 - Migration, spawning
 - Feeding
 - Alabama
 - Green
 - Pallid





Adams et al. 2007; Billard & Lecointre 2001; Mayden and Kuhajda 1996; Rider & Hartfield 2007

Lake Sturgeon in Tennessee

- 1961 last scientific reports of Lake Sturgeon from the Upper Tennessee River
- 1998 formation of the Tennessee Lake Sturgeon Reintroduction Working Group
- 2000 first release of Lake Sturgeon juveniles into French Broad River
- 2015 >150,000 Lake Sturgeon juveniles have been released into the UTR, >300 recaptured





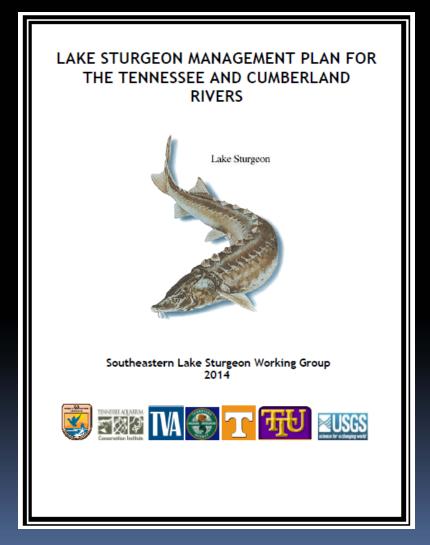
11

Lake Sturgeon Reintroduction

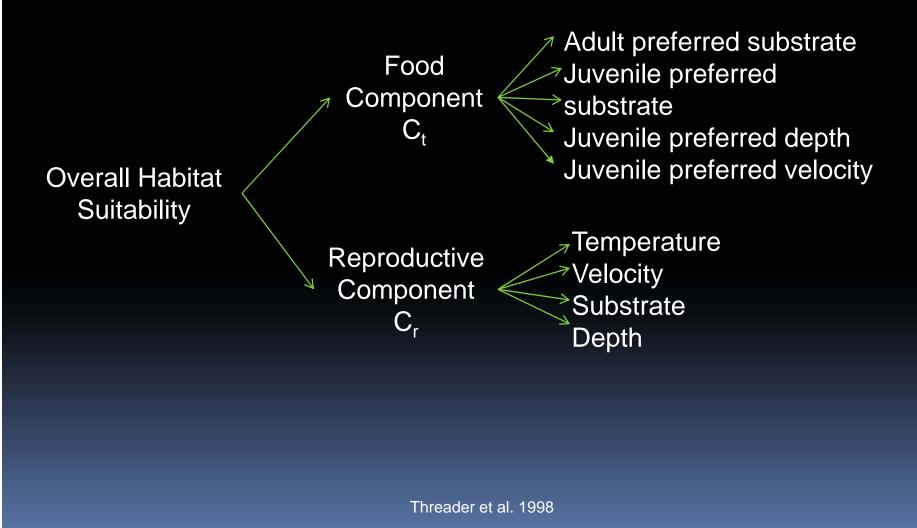


Lake Sturgeon Reintroduction

- SLSWG Management Plan
 - Management goals and research needs
- Assess the availability of physical habitat for Lake Sturgeon in the UTR
- Identify areas of critical habitat utilized by reintroduced Lake Sturgeon



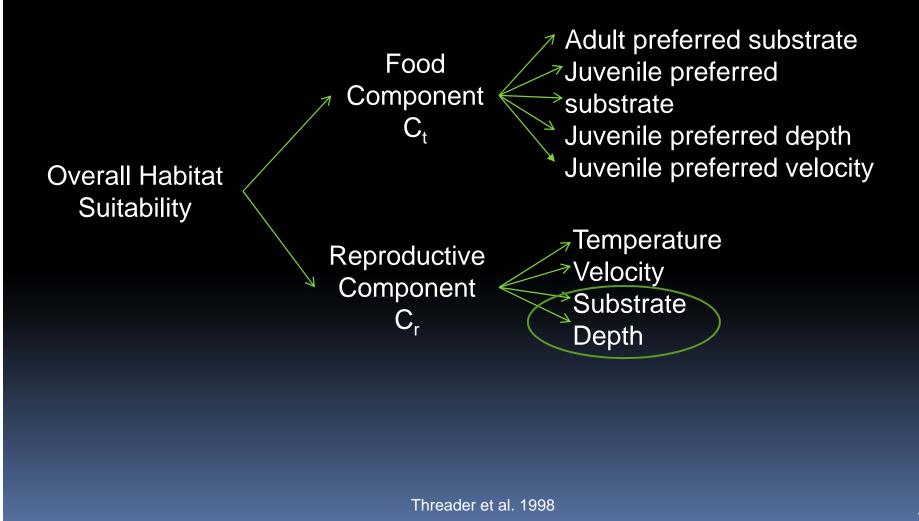
Lake Sturgeon HSM



Research Objectives

- 1. Assess the quantity of suitable spawning habitat for Lake Sturgeon below TVA hydroelectric dams on the UTR
- 2. Identify habitat variables best describing Lake Sturgeon summer refuge
- 3. Assess rates of bioaccumulation of anthropogenic contaminants in Lake Sturgeon

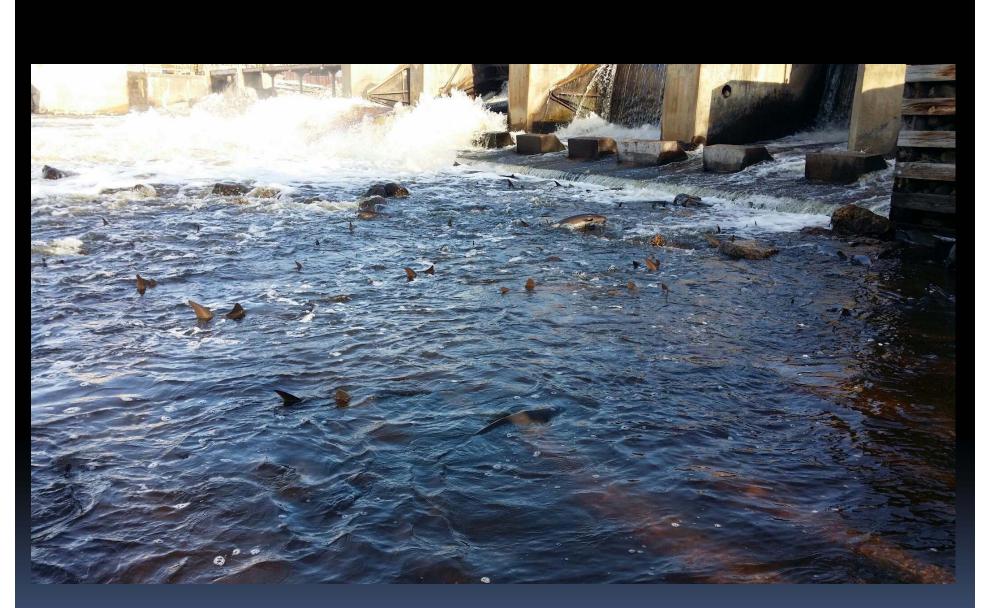
Lake Sturgeon HSM



Methods

- Assess the quantity of suitable spawning habitat for Lake Sturgeon below TVA hydroelectric dams on the UTR
 - Dams = migration terminals
 - Suitable spawning substrate: coarse rocky, clean interstitial spaces
- 1. Side scan sonar mapping with Humminbird© consumer grade boatmounted sonar
- 2. Image classification

LaHaye et al. 1992; Auer 1996; Threader et al. 1998; Bruch and Binkowski 2002; Kaeser and Litts 2010; Flowers and Hightower 2013; Kaeser et al. 2013; Thiem et al. 2013



Lake Sturgeon spawning aggregation, Wolf River, Wisconsin, March 2015





Dr. Adam Kaeser – U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Thomas Litts – GA Dept. of Natural Resources

http://www.fws.gov/panamacity/sonartools.html

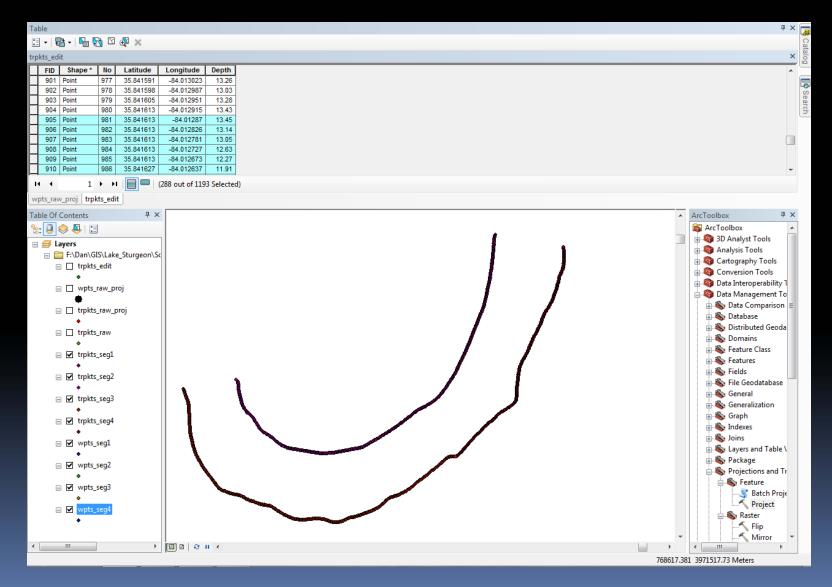
- 1. Collect consecutive, overlapping sonar images
- 2. Clean imagery
- 3. Georeference imagery, create control point network
- 4. Generate spatially-explicit mosaic of imagery

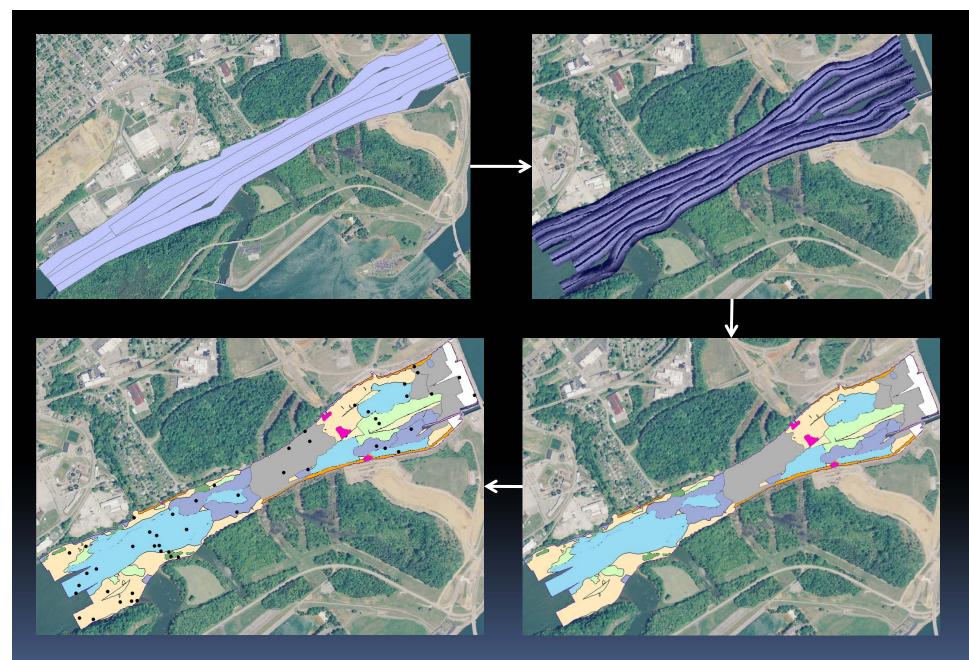
160 Left

Sonar screen time-to-clear estimates (used to set interval timer) for HB 1197c SI

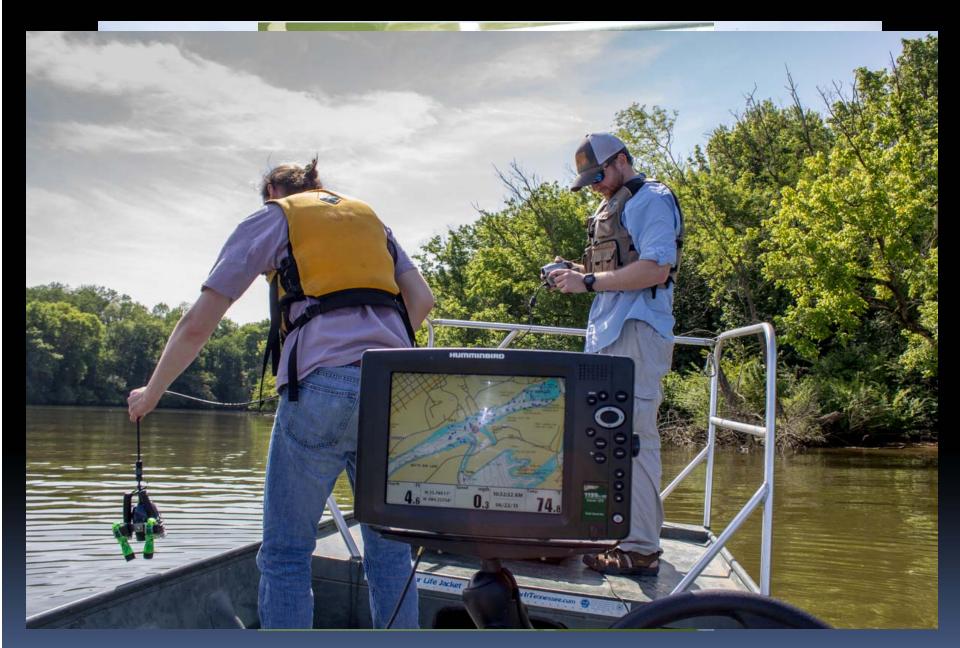
Right 160







Sonar image collection and processing steps



Side-scan sonar survey with Humminbird © fish-finder unit

Analysis

- Lake Sturgeon are lithophilic spawners
- Best spawning substrate =
 - Coarse, clean, rocky substrate
- Generate areal estimates of total available spawning substrate below 4 TVA dams
- Assess accuracy of image classification methods



Analysis

- Supervised image classification – ArcGIS 10.3
 - Maximum likelihood
 - Use real imagery of substrate to delineate training set
- Compare results of supervised classification to heads-up digitizing, interpolation
 - Areal measurements of substrate patches
 - Error matrices





Threader et al. 1998; ESRI 2015

Management Applications

- Evaluate extent of suitable spawning habitat below 4 upstream TVA dams on the Tennessee River
 - Compare results: sonar image interpretations
 v. interpolation of habitat types from video imagery v. 'heads-up' digitizing
- Identify optimal locations to construct artificial spawning reefs under various budgets

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